Twelve specimens from snout to vent 18-26 mm.

Hab.—Buninyong, and Gong Gong, near Ballarat, Victoria; common under logs in valleys (W. W. Froggatt).

The specimens from the two localities differ to some extent in the amount of the dark tint present on the ventral surface, five from Buninyong being much more spotted or marbled.

This is a third species belonging to the section of the genus in which vomerine teeth are present, and it is in some respects intermediate in character between C. georgiana, D. & B., and C. victoriana, Blgr. It resembles the former in having carmine spots present, but differs in having the lower surface less granular, the tympanum quite hidden, the belly not immaculate, no tarsal fold, and but one metatarsal tubercle. On the other hand it is in many respects allied to C. victoriana, but differs from that species in not having the skin smooth above and below, as well as in pattern and colour.

DESCRIPTION OF A NEW CONE FROM MAURITIUS.

By John Brazier, C.M.Z.S., F.L.S.

CONUS (CHELYCONUS) WORCESTERI, n.sp. (Plate XIX., fig. 4.)

Shell turbinated, thick, ventricose round the upper part, smooth; spire acuminated, apex sharp, with minute spiral strike below the suture; ivory white beneath a dirty yellowish epidermis, variegated with four purple or pinkish-brown bands flowing down here and there in flexuous streaks or blotches, columella slightly twisted; aperture white, lip thin.

Long 48, diam. maj. 25, aperture long 39 mm.

Hab.—Island of Mauritius (Mr. Robillard).

The upper half of this very pretty Cone shows four flexuous purple or pinkish-brown blotches, near the base there are three, with the aperture uppermost four are to be seen, two above and two below.

The type is in the collection of Mr. Worcester, of Frankston, Melbourne, Victoria.